THE YOLO COUNTY DEMOCRAT.

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YOLO COUNTY DEMOCRAT.

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—AT—

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DISTRICT COURT—Hon. J. H. McKune, Judge; Ed. Bynum, Clerk. Regular Terms commence on the third Monday in March, July and November.

COUNTY COURT—Hon. M. A. Woods, Judge; Ed. Bynum, Clerk. Regular Terms on the first Monday in January, March, May, July, September and November.

PROBATE COURT—Hon. M. A. Woods, Judge; Ed. Bynum, Clerk. Regular Terms same as the County Court.

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County Judge	M. A. Woods.
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County Clerk	E. Bynum.
District Attorney	J. C. Ball.
Court Commissioner	C. P. Sprague.
Treasurer	G. E. Sill.
Surveyor	J. I. Underhill.
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Yolo Lodge, No. 81; Cacheville. Stated meetings, Saturday evening, on or before the full moon. G. W. PARK, W.M.
J. W. FREEMAN, Sec'y.

Woodland Lodge, No. 156; Woodland. Stated meetings, Friday evening, on or before the full moon. T. C. POCKMAN, W.M.
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I. O. G. T.

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R. P. DAVIDSON, W.S.

Cacheville Lodge, No. 238, Cacheville. Regular meeting every Friday evening.
PAUL LEMIEUX, W.C.T.
WM. CAMPBELL, W.S.

I. O. O. F.

Woodland Lodge, No. 111, Woodland. Regular meeting every Saturday evening.
A. J. STINER, N.G.
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N. B.—Particular attention paid to the re-Upholstering and Varnishing of Furniture. Lounges, Spring Beds, Upholstery of all descriptions, done to order at reasonable rates. Our work warranted to be as represented.

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Mill St., (East side) opposite Gray & Freeman's.

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Have opened a Bakery in Woodland, and will keep on hand a fresh supply of **Bread, Pies, Cakes,** etc., etc. Balls and Parties supplied on short notice. The patronage of the public is solicited. n28

J. I. UNDERHILL,

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Office at the Court House, Woodland. Room formerly occupied by the Sheriff. m2

J. W. KALBAUGH,

PHONOGRAPHER,

Woodland, Yolo county. j27

DR. A. SPRAGUE,

Has permanently located in Woodland, for the practice of his profession. m2-1y

HORACE G. BURNETT.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

WOODLAND, CAL.

Will faithfully attend to all business entrusted to his professional care, in all the Courts of this State. a18-1y

J. C. BALL,

District Attorney,

—AND—

Commissioner in Bankruptcy.

Office at th e ourt House, Woodland, Yolo Co. mar21-1y

DR. H. JACKSON,

ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Is permanently located in Woodland, for the purpose of practicing Medicine. Residence, Main street, first house west of the M. E. Church. ☞ Special attention given to the treatment of children. j4-1y

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R. P. DAVIDSON,

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—and—

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Office, opposite Baker's Hotel, Woodland. Will practice in the several Courts of Yolo county and the Supreme Court. n23

C. S. FROST,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

And Notary Public. Office, Gray & Freeman's Block, Woodland. n23

DR. D. RAY,

Office and residence near Templars' Hall, Woodland. d21

H. B. PEIRSON, A. STRONG.

DRS. PEIRSON & STRONG,

Are associated in the practice of medicine. Office next door to Gray & Freeman's, Main st., Woodland. n23

A. H. ROWAN, M. D.,

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Offers his professional services to the citizens of Cacheville and vicinity. n23

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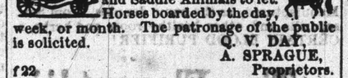
Manufacturer and dealer in

Saddles, Harness, etc.,

One door west of Post-office, Main st., Woodland. All business in his line promptly attended to. n23

LIVERY STABLE.

Main street, opposite Baker's Hotel, Woodland. (Lawson's old stand.)



Horses, Buggies, Carriages and Saddle Animals to let. Horses boarded by the day, week, or month. The patronage of the public is solicited.

C. V. DAY,
A. SPRAGUE,
Proprietors.

f22

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—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Laths, Shakes, etc.

Corner Court and Mill streets. All orders attended to promptly. m23-3m

L. M. RUE,

PHOTOGRAPHER.

Ambrotypes, Photographs, and Sun Pearls.

Gallery south of Main street, nearly opposite Baker's Hotel, Woodland. j4

Feed and Livery Stable.

ELIAS EBI. G. W. BUCHANAN.

EBI & BUCHANAN.

(Yardly's old stand),.....KNIGHT'S LANDING.

Horses and Buggies, and Saddle Animals constantly in readiness. Horses boarded at reasonable rates. ☞ A share of the public patronage is solicited. d28

PLOWS FOR SALE!



I have on hand, **Cast Cast-Steel, Peoria, and Boston Clipper Plows.** Two second-hand Gang-Plows for sale, cheap. Cast cast-steel Plow-shares, Plow-wheels and Harrows constantly on hand.

n30-tf C. ELLIOTT.

TO FOUNDRYMEN AND BLACKSMITHS.

Cumberland and Lehigh **Coal** and **Pig Iron.**

1,000 TONS

In Store and Afloat, For Sale by

J. R. DOYLE,
San Francisco. 413 & 415 PACIFIC ST.
n23-1y

If you want a Lady's or Gentleman's Gold or Silver **Watch,** of any pattern or price, call on RUGGLES & MACHEFERT.

FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN are agents for Baker & Hamilton's AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. All kinds.

P. FRANKLIN,

102 J street, between Fourth and Fifth,

SACRAMENTO,

Importer and dealer in

Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes, Playing Cards, Snuff, Matches, etc.,

And the finest brands of

Smoking Tobacco!

Having opened the above-named

LARGE AND COMMODIOUS STORE,

And supplied the same with

A Well-Assorted Stock,

I hereby offer my Goods

At the Lowest Market Prices!

And invite my friends and the public when they come to this ity to examine my establishment before purchasing elsewhere.

AGENT FOR

TEUBER & HOFFMAN'S

CELEBRATED

SHOW CASES!

Which are offered

At Manufacturer's Prices!

☞ List of Prices furnished, and orders promptly attended to. ☜

f29 P. FRANKLIN.

NEW FIRM.

A. C. RUGGLES, L. MACHEFERT.

RUGGLES & MACHEFERT

Post Office Building

(opposite Hesperian College),

WOODLAND,

Have just received a large assortment of

PATENT MEDICINES, DRUGS, ALL KINDS, Paints, Oils, Perfumeries, Books and Stationery, TOBACCO, FANCY ARTICLES, WATCHES, CLOCKS,

And a choice assortment of

JEWELRY!

All of which will be sold at

MODERATE PRICES.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED.

n23 RUGGLES & MACHEFERT.

Liverpool & London & Globe

FIRE INSURANCE

COMPANY!

THE OLDEST AND WEALTHIEST IN THE WORLD!

Surplus Coin over $16,000,000.

PREMIUMS TAKEN AT LOWER RATES THAN BY ANY OTHER COMPANY ON THIS COAST!

All Losses Paid Immediately after Adjustment,

In U. S. Gold Coin!

WM. B. JOHNSON, General Ag't, San Francisco.

JACOB LEVISON,

Solicitor for Yolo county.

☞ Office at Fleishman & Kaufman's brick store, Main street, Woodland. a4-1y

Hidden in her Heart.

BY E. M. CHANDLER.

Stern faces were around her bent,
And eyes of vengeful ire,
And fearful were the words they spake,
Of torture, stake, and fire;
Yet calmly in the midst she stood,
With eye undimm'd and clear,
And though her lip and cheek were white,
She wore no sign of fear.

"Where is thy traitor-spouse?" they said;
A half-form'd smile of scorn
That curl'd upon her haughty lip,
Was back for answer borne;
"Where is thy traitor-spouse?" again,
In fiercer tones, they said,
And sternly pointed to the rack,
All rusted o'er with red!

Her heart and pulse beat firm and free—
But in a crimson flood,
O'er pallid lip, and cheek, and brow,
Rush'd up the burning blood;
She spake, but proudly rose her tones,
As when in hall or bower,
The haughtiest chief that round her stood
Had meekly own'd their power:

"My noble lord is placed within
A safe and sure retreat"—
"Now tell us where, thou lady bright,
As thou wouldst mercy meet,
Nor deem thy life can purchase his—
He cannot 'scape our wrath,
For many a warrior's watchful eye
Is placed o'er every path.

"But thou may'st win his broad estates,
To grace thine infant heir,
And life and honor to thyself
So thou his haunts declare."
She laid her hand upon her heart;
Her eyes flash'd proud and clear,
And firmer grew her haughty tread—
"My lord is hidden here!

"And if ye seek to view his form,
Ye first must tear away,
From round his secret dwelling place,
These walls of living clay!"
They quail'd beneath her haughty glance,
They silent turn'd aside,
And left her all unharm'd amidst
Her loveliness and pride!

The Little Heroine.

AN AFFECTING STORY.

"Morning again!" and the weary, wasted invalid lifted his head from the pillow and looked pitifully over the dim room. "Oh that the night had been longer!" To the wretched sleep is dear. "My wife, my darling babies—must they freeze and starve?" And with tears gushing from his eyes the pale man buried his head in the scanty covering and groaned aloud.

It was no wonder that he was out of heart on that cold, dark December day. At best he had a hard struggle to get food, and for the past six months the struggle had been almost desperate, for his wife had not been able to assist him in the least, being confined to her bed with a slow, wasting disease. His little daughter, Maria, a pretty child of twelve, kept the room tidy, and herself and two little brothers like wax. By the aid of her mother's whispered directions, she also managed to do up the weekly washing and ironing.

"My little sunbeam," the father fondly called her, while the mother would say, in her low, sweet tones, "our angel."

One night the housekeeper waited until it was pitch dark for her father to come to a frugal supper, and then, with fearful forebodings at heart, undressed the little boys and put them to bed, and tied on her hood and cloak to go for him. A crowd was at the very threshold. With a wild cry she rushed towards the inanimate form they carried upon the board. It was her father, brought home with a broken leg.

A week had passed since the misfortune. By the sale of a few pieces of furniture, the wolf had been kept from the door. But now nothing remained save the coarse bed on which the distressed ones slept. No coal on the grate; no tea for the feverish children! What should be done?

It was a question which little Maria asked again as she lay there watching the few pale sunbeams that struggled in through the window. And she asked oftener after she had arisen and dressed herself and brothers, and smoothed down the beds. Bread they must have, and that to day. They were all faint even now, and the boys clamored for their breakfast.

Suddenly a bright thought came to the little daughter. She remembered having seen in the coffee houses young girls no taller than she, waiting upon customers. Perhaps they might try her. "I am patient, quick and handy, and try so much to 'blige." I am pretty, too, she might have added, had there been a spark of vanity in her heart; for she was a sweet child, with a brow like the sunny snow-drift, and eyes like the spring violets that nestled in the woodlands.

"I will try at least and see what I can do," and after watching a moment the weary sleep of her parents, she whispered to her little brothers that she was going out to get some bread for them, and then hurried away.

She did go to the baker's, but her pitiful story failed to touch his heart, and there were tears upon her cold cheeks as she turned away. What should she do—beg? she asked herself with a quivering lip. Never before had their poverty driven them to that strait, and it was hard even now, with the picture of that wretched home fresh in her vision, to plead for charity. But she did do it. Again and again she said to the passer-by, "Please, sir, please ma'am, give me a penny to buy bread for my sick parents."

And the gentlemen had their overcoats buttoned to their chins, and the ladies were enveloped in furs, and it was too much trouble to find their books and purses just to supply a beggar's wants.

"Go to the soup house," said one, at last, more churlish than the rest. "The city provides for such as you."

It was a new idea to her, and as fast as her feet could carry her, she went, and entering in breathless haste, told her story to the attendant matron.

"I will report the case to the committee," said the woman quietly, making a memorandum of the name and number of the street. "Come to-morrow morning, and I will do what I can for you."

To-morrow! She would become too weak to walk by that time, and what would become of the rest?

With a heavy heart she went home, having no courage to present herself as a waiter to any of the coffee-houses she passed on her way.

"Did you get some," cried the boys, gathering about her and pulling off her cloak to see if it were hidden under her arms.

"No, no," she answered, "but I will try again. Keep up good hope."

"There will be plenty out of the oven now. Yes, plenty," she said to herself, as she buttoned her cloak on the threshold, "plenty, and I'll have some, too. They shall not starve. Men and women for shame! There is nothing left me but to steal!"

Her face paled as she spoke it, and for a moment there was a wild wrestle in her heart. Then she went quickly, paused an instant before each baker's door, and looking anxiously within. By and by she saw one that looked empty.

A whole pile of steaming loaves lay upon the counter.

She rushed in and seized one, and hiding it under her cloak, fled madly up the street. But the baker had seen her through the little sitting-room, and ran after her crying, "Stop thief, stop thief!" A crowd followed her and she was soon run down.

"A clear case," said the policeman who took her. "She must go to the court room."

In vain she pleaded with them and told her story They must do their duty, she might have begged, she might have gone to the soup house; there was no excuse for stealing, at any rate.

No excuse, and her mother dying for food!

An important trial was just closing, and all the avenues of the court house were thronged.

"They'll be through soon," said the officer to the baker; we will wait for a few minutes."

"Take me home first," said she sadly; "they will worry about me so. My poor mother will die if she thinks I am lost."

"They'll soon find out where you are," said he gruffly. "Bad news is lightning, it travels fast."

"Oh, dear, oh, dear, what will become of them?" and she sobbed aloud.

A little girl, about her own age, was passing—a rich man's child; you would know it by the embroidered dress and cloak, the rich dress and hood, and the costly fur tippet and muff. But there was no false pride hidden under the expensive garments, a warm heart was beating there, and its sympathies went out far towards the poor little prisoner. For a moment she paused, as if irresolute upon her plan of acton, then laying her hand gently upon the officer's arm, said politely:

"May I speak with her?"

"Oh, yes; she is not committed yet."

Putting her soft rosy cheek to the purple one, she whispered very earnestly. Maria told her touching story, and begged she would, by the love she bore her mother, find out her humble home and comfort the distressed ones.

"I will, I will," the stranger replied earnestly, "and don't cry any more. My father knows the judge, and he'll get you away to-morrow. Good bye, keep up a good heart," and off she ran.

She knew her mother to be one of the most charitable women, and hastened home to tell her story of Maria; but, unfortunately she had gone to ride and would not be back till near dinner time.

"What can I do," she cried and wrung her hands.

"They want coal, and bread, and tea, and so many things, and I have only ten cents in my pocket."

She sat down on the marble steps and pondered. All at once her eye brightened and a beautiful color flushed her face.

"I'll do it," she said, resolutely, "mamma will forgive me when she knows all. Without fire, without wood, nearly naked, and starving. Oh, she will be glad that I thought so far," and she bounded down the street, and rushed around the corner.

Pushing open the plate glass door of the most fashionable hair dresser in the city, she went quickly up to the attendant, and asked to see Monsieur B. He ushered her into an inner room, saying he would call him.

Her heart fluttered while she waited, but her resolution did not falter.

"Ah is it little Theresa," said Monsieur B., taking hee hand kindly. "Good morning, dear. Come to have your ringlets dressed for the ball to-night?" "No," as she shook her head. "Why not? you go certainly; you are one of Monsieur's best pupils. What is it then, my dear?"

For a moment her lips quivered; then she spoke up quickly:

"You said once, sir, that you would give me an eagle for my curls. Will you do it now.—to-day—this minute?"

The hair-dresser was astonished. To cut off those curls, long, silken, and golden colored; the pure gold of a stray stream sunbeam, to sell them was truly a crime.

"Does she, does your mother know you came here?"

"No, sir; but she will not blame me when I tell her how it was. Oh, no, she is too good."

"And how is it, my dear? Make a friend of me, and tell me how it comes that you ask me to buy your hair?" and he stroked the glossy hair as tenderly as a father might.

She hesitated, and then opened her heart to him. There was a mist in her eyes when she finished her plaintive story. He walked the floor and seemed irresolute, then stopping before her, he took out his pocket book and handed her two half eagles. She put them in her purse and took off her hood.

"Not now, my little angel!" he said huskily; "not now, I am too busy; to-morrow will do as well; or stay. I will come in this evening. Till then do not mention it to any one. Go now on your mission, my sister of charity," and he led her to the door.

How quickly her feet flew over the pavement! She could hardly speak when she entered the baker's shop.

"Two loaves, sir; large ones, too," she gasped and threw down the gold pieces.

The man stared at her curiously. The color rose to her brow, but she said nothing, and hurried away with her warm, fragrant bundle.

"Is that you, Maria? What has kept you so long, daughter? Quick, break me a crumb, I am faint."

Like an angel the little stranger looked to them as the color rose to her cheeks like apple blossoms, and her hair falling over her shoulders like the ripples of sunshine.

"Maria cannot come home yet," said she, in a voice that was like a robin's in May time.

"But she will return to-morrow, perhaps this evening. She has sent me with bread. See the two nice loaves I have brought," and she broke them up in fragments.

Tears coursed down her cheeks as she saw how eagerly she clutched them. She had never dreamed of poverty like this, never knew how hungry folks may be and live.

It was as though a fairy had come and vanished, a kind-hearted fairy, for besides the supply of coal and wood, a half eagle lay in the sick father's hand.

Murmuring to himself all the tender adjectives in the French language, the good hair-dresser immediately hastened to the court room. The judge was a friend of his, too. She had been brought in, the court having adjourned for half an hour. He asked for a private interview with the judge. As soon as it was granted, he told him of Maria's distress, and the gentle kindness of little Theresa.

"Poor child! good child!" said the listener, wiping his glasses. "She must go to prison, I suppose, but it shall be a chamber in my house. Go into court and tell the same story over; it will be better than a lawyer's plea."

He did so, and there was not a dry eye in the audience when he ceased. Even the baker hung his head and seemed to muse. Before the breathless silence had been broken, he looked up to the judge and said: "I withdraw my complaint; let her go with me and take what she wants."

"Have you come, Maria?" the two voices spoke at once.

"Yes, mother, yes, father, and we are rich—see!" and she emptied her apron on the bed.

"Bless you, my little sunbeam; bless you, my angel." And the two hands were laid upon her head, and tears and smiles were strangely mixed together.

* * * * * *

"What does it mean, Theresa?" and the mother looked wonderingly at her beautiful little daughter as she came into the parlor in obedience to a message brought by a servant. "Monsieur B. says you promised to see him to-night?"

"I did, mamma. Did you bring your scissors, sir?" And she carried a footstool to the sofa upon which he sat, and quietly nestled at his feet.

"Yes, my dear, see!" and he took from his pocket a shining pair.

"Theresa, what does this mean?" The mother spoke sternly.

"I have sold my hair to him, mamma, and he has come to cut it off."

"Sold your hair? Were you crazy? Are you in earnest?" and she laid her hands protectingly over the precious curls.

"Tell how it was, sir. She won't be angry then. Please, sir, tell her."

He did so. And when it was finished, she covered her face with kisses, and said in a broken voice—

"Of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

A single ringlet was severed from the beautiful head that night—one long, soft, golden curl, which the hair-dresser carried home reverently, as though it had come from an angel's wing. On the morrow he had it woven into a heart's ease, and the sunny, shining human flower is a talisman against besetting sin.

"EAT YOUR BROWN BREAD FIRST!"—The Central had its hardest work at the commencement—driving over and through the Sierra Nevada mountains. Crocker & Co. have got through their great trouble now, and are reveling along on the level plains, making three miles of road a day, while they are resting. The topography of their part of the route was happily such as to allow them to eat their brown bread first, and now they are luxuriating in custard, as it were, on the dead level. While they are rollicking along over the sand, in the joyous sunshine, the Indians all eminently friendly and provided with free passes, those poor fellows, Durant, Reed & Co., are blasting rock between the North Platte and Green river, and ciphering around in that inhospitable climate for passes and grades to worm around through the Rocky Mountains. The Union Pacific was jubilant, and we did tremble a little for the Central's chance to reach Salt Lake. Now the Union Pacific people talk of getting through, in case of next being a mild Winter, so as to reach Salt Lake early next Summer—instead of making merry there on Christmas. We rejoice to know that the Central will be there ahead of that time; and do not fail to rejoice that the Union will meet it early next Summer. The Central does not care to go further than Salt Lake, and that seals this side for a good business with Montana, Utah, Arizona, Idaho, and so forth.—[Virginia Trespass.

SOMETHING NEW IN SOCIAL LIFE.—"How are you?" "How d'ye do?" "How goes it?" "How's things?" "How's stocks?" "How do you come on?" etc., are worn out expressions, and never amounted to much as far as meaning anything was concerned, anyhow. We have long wanted something in the way of an every-day salutation which had something of life and reality about it—something which meant something, and all that. Eureka! At this time we have a small-pox panic, and almost everybody is getting vaccinated. Three out of every four men you meet on the street carry their left arms gingerly, and greet you with feverish earnestness, with the inquiry, "How's your scab?" That is the question, the "live issue of the day"—"How's your scab?" That is the question.—[Call.

THE bitterness of humility is a tonic to the spirit. To humiliate yourself is as necessary in this wicked world, as it is for travelers through African jungles to take, every now and then, a draught of quinine.

A GENTLEMAN, in the course of a sermon, recently, remarked: "You need not clasp your hands so fervently in prayer that you can't get them open when the contribution box comes round."

HOT-HASTE—A prairie-fire traveling at the rate of thirty miles an hour.

YOLO COUNTY DEMOCRAT.

STAURDAY, : : : : AUGUST 15, 1868.

L. P. FISHER, 20 and 21 New Merchant's Exchange, is our authorized agent in San Francisco. For Eastern Advertising, Mr. Fisher is represented by S. M. Pettengill & Co.. of New York and Boston.

HUDSON & MENET, 41 Park Row, New York, sole agents for the DEMOCRAT in the Eastern States.

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HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

For Vice-President:

FRANCIS P. BLAIR, JR.,

OF MISSOURI.

For Presidential Electors:

W. T. WALLACE.....of San Francisco.
THOMAS J. HENLEY.....of Mendocino.
E. J. C. KEWEN.....of Los Angeles.
A. B. DIBBLE.....of Nevada.
GEORGE PEARCE.....of Sonoma.

Alternate Electors:

FRANCISCO RICO.....of Monterey.
JOHN R. KITTRELL.....of Solano.
J. BURKHALTER.....of Mariposa.
B. F. MYRES.....of Placer.
J. C. MARTIN.....of Butte.

For Congress---First District:

S. B. AXTELL.....of San Francisco.

For Congress---Third District:

JAMES A. JOHNSON.....of Sierra.

GOVERNOR WISE.—Noisy Radicals have been quite busy recently in vilifying Gov. Wise for giving utterance to sentiments in favor of another rebellion. It turns out, just as might have been expected, that the accusation is founded on a base fabrication. When Gov. Wise "declared in favor of secession" he meant just what his words, if they had been correctly reported, would suggest. The words used by him were these: "Secession is not dead; we are going to secede from the Radical party." It is a great pity, perhaps, to destroy the chance for more Radical howling from this text by giving its correct interpretation; however it is better that it should be placed before the people in a proper light, for the kind of secession that Gov. Wise spoke of is calculated to benefit the country, even if it does destroy the hopes of Radicals.

SOUTHERN ELECTORS.—Some Republican papers, not lost to all decent respect for the rights of the people, are heartily ashamed of the proposition to place the choice of Presidential Electors in the hands of fraudulently elected State Legislatures in the South. The Sacramento Union, on the contrary, sincerely trusts that this act of infamy may be resorted to by every Southern State Legislature.

"Oh! for a tongue to curse the slave
Whose treason, like a deadly blight,
Comes o'er the councils of the brave,
To blast them in their hour of might!"

STRANGE CONDUCT.—A woman, named Mrs. Thomas, recently visited the family of Mrs. Callahan, in Sacramento, introduced herself and made her visits quite agreeable by her pleasing manners. When a favorable opportunity presented itself she stole the youngest child of Mrs. Callahan, set fire to the house and started off on the cars to Folsom with her prize. She was arrested and held to bail and the child was restored to its mother.

SWIFT RIDING.—A man named W. H. Mowry, of San Francisco, to decide a wager, rode on horseback the distance of three hundred miles in fourteen hours and thirteen seconds. The time allowed him to accomplish the feat was fifteen consecutive hours. The riding was done on the Bay View race track on Sunday, 2d instant. Quite a number of fresh horses were kept in readiness for him and he won the bet easily.

NOMINATED.—The Radicals in this District have nominated Hartson for Congress. It was a matter of no consequence about their choice, for he is certain to be defeated. Hon. James A. Johnson will get a handsome majority over any candidate the Pubs choose to put in the field against him. Hon. F. M. Pixley has received the nomination of the Radical Convention in the First District and A. A. Sargent in the Second.

CALIFORNIA MEDICAL GAZETTE.—We have received from the publishers, A. Roman & Co., the August number of this valuable journal of medical and surgical science. The work contains much to interest the general reader, and must certainly prove an indispensable acquisition to the library of every physician in the country who has secured a copy.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—We are placed under obligations to I. N. Hoag for a copy of a volume entitled, "Transactions, California State Agricultural Society, 1866–1867." It is a correct and reliable record of the progress of the industrial pursuits of the people, an accurate exhibit of the rich and inexhaustible resources of the State, and hence a very valuable publication.

BAD BOYS.—The boys in Sacramento are hard to manage. Some time ago the city fathers found it necessary to make them quit flying kites in the streets; now, the papers are complaining of them for firing putty balls, through tin blow pipes, at the ladies, as they pass by.

DEATH OF THAD. STEVENS.—A Washington telegram announces the death of Thadeus Stevens in that city on the 12th inst. His death, though occurring suddenly, was not altogether unexpected, as he had been in feeble health for many months. *Requiescat in pace.*

COLUSA SUN.—This sterling advocate of Democracy has donned a new attire. The Sun is valuable at home and abroad. May it never be eclipsed.

Veto of the Electoral College Resolution.

In the whole catalogue of epithets and abuses, which the Radicals have persistently heaped upon Andrew Johnson, in consequence of his firmness in opposing acts and measures, deemed by the Executive to be in conflict with the Constitution and the just rights of the people, the duplicity and hypocrisy of the Radical party has never been more apparent than when their tongues where unbridled in condemnation of the President for returning to the Senate, without his approval, the joint resolution entitled "A resolution excluding from the Electoral College the votes of the States lately in rebellion." The memory and reverence, professed by the Radicals for the "martyred President," must be dwindled down to a mere nothingness when they feel constrained to vilify his successor for adhering to the same policy laid down and maintained by their chief. Mr. Lincoln repeatedly declared that all acts of secession, from their very beginning, were null and void; and the Radical party, who sung hosannahs to his name, gave assurance of their belief in his interpretation of the matter. But the mask of professed devotion to the Union has been thrown aside by that party in the desperate struggle they have entered into to retain power. Instead of showing a disposition to restore the rights of the people, they assiduously conspire to deprive them of all immunities and privileges under the Constitution, and virtually declare every State out of the Union whose citizens, in whole or in part, engaged in or sympathised with the "heresy of secession." In his reasons for vetoing the measure, the President clearly shows that the declaration contained in the resolution setting forth that "none of the States whose inhabitants were lately in rebellion shall be entitled to representation in the Electoral College," would virtually exclude from such representation, all States, any part of whose citizens were in sympathy with the Southern people during the late war. The correctness of his views, in refusing his assent to the resolution, is manifestly apparent in the closing argument of his remarks accompanying the return of the document to the Senate: "If Congress should provide by law that the votes of none of the States should be received and counted, if cast for a candidate who differed in political sentiment with a majority of the two Houses, such legislation would at once be considered by the country as an unconstitutional and revolutionary usurpation of power. It would, however, be exceedingly difficult to find in the Constitution any more authority for the passage of the joint resolution under consideration than for an enactment looking directly to the rejection of all the votes not in accordance with the political preference of a majority of Congress. No power exists in the Constitution authorizing the joint resolution or the proposed law, the only difference being that one would be more palpably unconstitutional and revolutionary than the other; both would rest upon the radical error that Congress has the power to prescribe terms and conditions to the right of the people of the States to cast their vote for President and Vice President."

SHAMEFUL DEED.—The Alabama Legislature, on the 8th inst., passed the bill authorizing that body to elect Presidential Electors. The Radical party, rioting in its own disgrace, dare not meet an outraged people to decide the issues fairly. By such means they hope to elect Grant to an office which any honorable man, under such circumstances, would scorn to accept. Can he say "I would rather be right than be President"? No; the words would stick in his throat. He is joined to his idols. He has called to his counsel such men as Butler, who secretly despise him, and he now seeks to gain a position contrary to the wishes of the people, and at the cost of a country sacrificed to the unholy ambition of tyrannical despots. Oh! shame, where is thy blush? Can such wickedness prevail? Will any intelligent Democrat or conservative now content himself to fold his arms and await the opportunity to exercise merely his prerogative of casting a vote in opposition to a party guilty of such infamous policy? No, we do not believe it; the people are aroused to a sense of shame, brought upon them by the deeds of corrupt and reckless fanatics, and every man who has a spark of devotion to the interests of a common country will now see the necessity of exerting his influence and untiring energy and manful labor in the cause of Democracy, from this time forward, until the question is settled, in order that the Radical assassins of liberty may be swept from power, and peace restored once more.

MECHANIC'S FAIR.—The opening of the Mechanic's Fair in San Francisco took place on Saturday last, in the presence of a large crowd of spectators. The inaugural address was delivered by Hon. Newton Booth. A long list of contributors appears on the catalogue, and from all accounts received we judge the Fair will prove a success.

IN FEAR.—Radical journals are predicting a war if Seymour and Blair are elected. Why is this? Is it because the Democratic platform declares secession a heresy, and Radicals again favor their old doctrine of letting "our erring sisters go in peace?"

ARRIVED.—Jeff. Davis arrived at Liverpool on the 4th instant. He ought to be at home stumping for Seymour and Blair.—[Appeal.

Just so; he could serve his country in no more appropriate manner.

REPORT OF DEATHS.—Health Officer Rowell, of San Francisco, reports sixty-six deaths as having occurred in that city last week; males 40, females 26.

Grant and the Jews.

The celebrated order of General Grant against the Jews, as a class, has been justly censured by the Democratic press throughout the land. Republican papers have, on the contrary, given praise to the infamous edict, and some of them have even expressed the atrocious opinion that these same Jewish citizens, instead of being expelled from the lines, should have suffered death by hanging. Radical misrepresentations regarding the character of the Jews affected by this order will avail nothing. An intelligent people will form their own opinions about this matter, based on a true history of the case. The following remarks of Ex-Gov. Powell, in support of a resolution introduced by him in the Senate, denouncing the order, are to the point. The resolution referred to was introduced a short time after the news of the promulgation of the order was received at Washington:

Mr. Powell. Mr. President, the day after the resolution was introduced, I understood from Gen. Halleck that the matter had been laid before the President, and that the order had been promptly revoked. The conduct of the President and of the Commander-in-Chief in thus countermanding such an outrageous, unconstitutional and inhuman order meets with my hearty approval. I commend them for it.

The order having been countermanded, I desire to move that the last clause of the resolution be stricken out; and after that is stricken out, I desire to have the action of the Senate upon the resolution. Gentlemen may say, the order having been revoked, it is unnecessary that this body should take any action upon it. That seems to be the intimation of the gentleman from New Hampshire. I look upon the matter otherwise. I have in my possession documents that go to establish the fact beyond the possibility of a doubt that the Jews, residents of the city of Paducah, Kentucky, some thirty gentlemen in number, were driven from their homes and their business by virtue of this order of General Grant, only having the short notice of four and twenty hours; that the Jewish women and children of that city were expelled under that order; that there was not a Jew left, man, woman or child, except two women who were prostrate on beds of sickness. I have the evidence before me, set forth in a petition, and attested by twelve or fourteen of the most respectable Union citizens of the city of Paducah, among others the surveyor of the port, that those Jews of Paducah had at no time been engaged in trade within the active lines of General Grant; that they had all the while been engaged in legitimate business at their homes, and that there was but one Jew, a resident of Paducah, who had gone out of the State into the cotton region, and that one was not at home, and consequently was not expelled from his residence by this ruthless order.

Mr. President, if we tamely submit to allow the military power thus to encroach on the rights of the citizen, we shall be setting a bad and most pernicious example to those in command of our army. We should administer to those in command of our armies the sternest rebuke for such flagrant outrages upon the rights of the citizen. These people are represented by the most respectable citizens of Paducah to be loyal men. Many of them are men who were not engaged in commerce. They were mechanics, attending to their daily avocations at their homes. In my judgment, it is incumbent on this Senate, as the matter is before them, to pass the resolution, and let Gen. Grant and all the other military commanders know that they are not to encroach upon the rights and privileges of the peaceful, loyal citizens of this country. Pass the resolution, and the example will be of the greatest importance, particularly at this time, when the Constitutional rights of the citizens are being stricken down and trodden under foot throughout the entire country by the executive and military power. We have submitted already too long and tamely to the encroachments of the military upon the rights of the citizen. Many of these Jews who were expelled from Paducah were known to me for many years as highly honorable and loyal citizens. This order expells them as a class from the entire department, and prevents them from having a pass to approach his person to ask a redress Gen. Grant might just as well expell the Baptists, or the Methodists, or the Episcopalians, or the Catholics, as a class, as to expell the Jews. All are alike protected in the enjoyment of their religion, by the Constitution of our country. They are inoffensive citizens; and it is set forth in papers that I have before me, that two of the Jews who were expelled had served three months in the army of the United States in defense of the Union cause.

There is no excuse for General Grant for issuing the order. It may be said that some Jews in his department had been guilty of illegal traffic. If so, expel them. I do not wish to shield a Jew or Gentile from just punishment for the infraction of the law. He should have directed his order to the offenders, and should have punished them; but, sir, so far from doing that, he punishes a whole people as a class; without specific charge, hearing, or trial, he drives out inoffensive, loyal people, men, women and children, from a city far distant from his headquarters, without giving them the least opportunity to meet and repel charges that might be brought against them. Such conduct is utterly indefensible. I regret that Gen. Grant issued such an order. General Grant's conduct heretofore as a soldier has been that of a brave and gallant officer; he has fought well on many fields; for that I commend him. But while I commend him for his gallant conduct, I must censure him for this most atrocious and illegal order. It is inhuman and monstrous. It would be worthy of the most despotic government in the most despotic period of the world's history. Sir, we should rebuke such conduct. I regret that some other less meritorious officer of the army had not issued this order. I regret that Gen. Grant has issued it; but, sir, we owe it to ourselves, we owe it to the civil and religious liberty of the citizen to put our condemnation upon it.

I think I have couched the resolution in the mildest terms possible. It is my duty, in vindication of the rights of my constituents—these Jews who have been so grossly and cruelly insulted—to urge this resolution to its passage. It will be a landmark in the future to teach these military gentlemen that they are not thus to encroach on the civil and religious rights of the citizen, whether he be Jew or Gentile. I should be the last man here who would wish to visit with censure any commander or any department of the army for justly punishing those who had been violators of the laws in his department; and I trust that I shall be the last to palliate or excuse any commander, however meritorious his conduct in other matters may have been, who thus strikes cruelly and inhumanly at a class of people, driving them from their homes, men, women, and children, upon the shortest notice; their houses are closed up, and many of their stores, they inform me, are left without an occupant, containing thousands of dollars' worth of goods.

The Senate, in my judgment, owe it to itself to vindicate the laws and the rights of these persecuted Jews. I do for them what I would do for any other citizen of this nation, or for any other constituent that I have. I hope that the amendment I propose may be adopted, and that part of the resolution asking the President to countermand the order (for the commander-in-chief to his honor be it spoken, has most promptly revoked it) be stricken out, and let the preamble and resolution, censuring this order and denouncing it as illegal, cruel and inhuman, be passed by the Senate.

A MERITED REBUKE.—The total want of magnanimity displayed by many of the military satraps "clothed with a little brief authority" in the Southern Military Districts is so glaringly apparent that the people there, groaning under the yoke of oppression, scarcely dare to hope for a change for the better in their affairs. Occasionally, however, to the credit of humanity, the better nature of those in command will exhibit itself in spite of the unrelenting disposition of the lawless rulers in Congress. A correspondent writing to the Examiner, in reference to the Mississippi election, relates the following:

Just before the election the Democrats had a large procession at which appeared a number of National flags, kindly lent by a Quartermaster here, whereat the Rads were in high dudgeon. Going to General Gillem, they complained of this Quartermaster for lending flags "to a Rebel-Copperhead demonstration." *On dit*, the General replied, "Well, gentlemen, I think you are the d—dest fools I ever knew, I fought four years to bring these men under that flag, and now you grumble because they march beneath it."

New Advertisements.

A Card to the Public.

Whereas, George M. Sutton published a card on the 16th of May, 1868, in which he asserted that Mrs. W. M. Rackerby had circulated divers reports derogatory to his character, and which he pronounced "malicious and without foundation in truth," now, therefore, this is to inform the public that Mrs. Rackerby has circulated no report about G. M. Sutton except what is true, and can be vouched for by undoubted evidence. She did state that G. M. Sutton was a married man, and that his wife was living in Oregon. For the truth of this statement reference is made to a certified copy of his marriage certificate which, at the request of parties interested, has been forwarded by the County Clerk of Clark county, Washington Territory, and is now on file in the Clerk's office in Woodland. She also stated that he had tried to sell a certain tract of land which he had previously sold to her husband. For the truth of this last statement, reference is made to the original deed to said tract of land in possession of Wm. M. Rackerby, Smith's Ferry, Sutter county, California; also to a record of said deed in the office of the County Clerk of Sutter county. W. M. RACKERBY,
au15-1 MRS. W. M. RACKERBY.

Poor Flour! Bad Bread!

Are you Tired of it? If you are, go to the

EAGLE MILLS,

Knight's Landing,

And get your Wheat Ground! They never fail to make Good Flour there!

The above Mills have changed hands this season, and have been thoroughly overhauled and repaired, and are in "full blast." The same incomparable miller is there, (the "flower of the flock") and will mete out justice with unswerving fidelity. Farmers arriving in the evening, from a distance, can have their grists the next morning.

☞ There is a good stable connected with the establishment, and everything convenient for teams. Give us a call.

au15-2m EASTHAM & BEATY, Proprietors.

CONTINENTAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW YORK.

This Company is unsurpassed for responsibility and liberality. Its policies are plain and readily understood, being freer from restrictions than other Companies.

The Large Dividend

(40 per cent.) to policy-holders, January last, and prompt attention given to claims when due, render it a favorite Company among the people.

☞ Policy-holders can, if more convenient, remit their Renewals, when due, to the General Agent, San Francisco, by Express—charges subject to the Company.

J. A. BISSELL,
au15-3m A. J. HALL, Local Agents.

"OLD SIM" & "CHICK,"

At Silveyville,

Are always ready to serve their customers with the best **Wines and Liquors.** "Old Sim's" **Cigars** are grant-ed to be the best in market, while "Chick's" fancy

Democratic Drinks

are unequalled in the State. Friends at home and abroad are invited to call and see them.

au15-3m

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE!

The undersigned offers for sale a tract of land, containing forty acres, under good fence and well improved, with GOOD HOUSE and BARN, situated about one-half mile west from Woodland. The land will be sold in parcels of ten acres each, or to one purchaser, as desired. Also, two town lots, situated on Mill street between Court and Main streets, in the town of Woodland. [au15-tf] PATRICK A. CASEY.

Real Estate for Sale!

A farm, consisting of 40 acres, near town, well-improved. Price $2,800.

A 5-acre Lot, adjoining the town plat; good dwelling-house and out-buildings, vineyard, fruit and ornamental trees, etc. This is one of the most desirable residences in the county. Price $2,600.

A ranch (160 acres) three miles from town; dwelling-house, barn, out-houses, etc. Ranch well-fenced.

Also, town lots in different parts of Woodland.

☞ All the above property will be sold on easy terms. Apply to

au15-3w C. S. FROST, Notary Public.

HEUSTON, HASTINGS & CO.,

—ARE THE—

FASHIONABLE CLOTHIERS

—OF—

SAN FRANCISCO.

SPECIALITIES.

PRICE AND GUARANTEE.

The largest and most varied stock of Gentlemen's Clothing, Furnishing goods, Trunks, Bags and Valises, on the Pacific Coast. Every article sold, being of our own manufacture, is guaranteed. Having contracts direct with European and American manufacturers of piece goods, we thereby effect a saving of fully fifty per cent. in wholesale dealers' profits, and are thus able to offer superior Goods at less than second-rate prices.

STYLES.

Having agents in London and Paris, we introduce the new styles in San Francisco simultaneously with their appearance in New York.

GOODS MADE TO ORDER.

For the accommodation of such as may desire, we have secured the services of a celebrated European cutter, and are prepared to make up piece goods in a style superior to any other house on the coast. Shirts, Ties, Collars, etc., made to order at short notice.

COUNTRY ORDERS.

Goods forwarded by Express to any part of the Pacific Coast on receipt of orders and measures. Send for directions for measurement.

Heuston, Hastings & Co.

LICK HOUSE BLOCK,

San Francisco.

au8-3m

L. LACOUR & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS,

SAN FRANCISCO,

Manufacture all the Liqueurs and Cordials of modern times, and would especially call the attention of the public to their

Lacour's

Sarsapariphere

BITTERS!

(1st Premium awarded at the late State Fair).

Manufactured, as the name denotes, from Sarsaparilla and other healthy roots and herbs, a CERTAIN BLOOD PURIFIER!

"The Elegant!"

Lately introduced, and the most celebrated of modern appetizers and *pousse café*, an undoubted remedy for DYSPEPSIA and other STOMACH COMPLAINTS, it being composed of fine French Cognac, distilled with Coffee, Peruvian Bark and other anti-dyspeptic ingredients, leaving the breath sweet and balmy.

LACOUR'S

ESSENCE OF

Jamaica Ginger.

An article equal to any Imported, and greatly superior to any other manufactured in this State. Sold by every respectable Jobber and Druggist on the Pacific Coast.

To guard against counterfeits, be certain that our trade mark (a Light-house) is stamped on every case and package.

jy25-1y L. LACOUR & CO.

Summons.

IN the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Yolo. RACHEL L. WELLS, plaintiff, vs. JAMES WELLS, defendant. Action brought in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Yolo, and the complaint filed in said county of Yolo, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

The People of the State of California send greeting to JAMES WELLS, defendant: You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Yolo, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but in this District, within twenty days; otherwise within forty days—or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of said Court for the dissolution of the bonds of matrimony heretofore existing between plaintiff and said defendant. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief therein demanded.

Given under my hand and seal of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Yolo, this 6th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

{L. S.} E. BYNUM, Clerk.

BURNETT & BALL, Plff's Att'ys. au8-9m

Sheriff's Sale.

BY a decree of foreclosure and order of sale to me directed, issued out of the Honorable the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District, held in and for the County of Yolo, on a judgment rendered therein on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1868, in favor of JOHN D. STEPHENS and against WM. DANIEL and RODIE S. DANIEL for the sum of $18,905 85 in U. S. gold coin, and the further sum of $3,190 37 in U. S. gold coin, with legal interest, said sums being principal, interest, counsel fees and advances made under the terms of the Mortgage given to secure the payment of the amounts specified in said foreclosed Mortgage; together with $46 40 costs of suit, and all accruing costs in coin, I was commanded to sell at public auction to the highest bidder all those certain tracts of real estate lying and being in said County of Yolo and State of California, described as follows, to wit:

The undivided one-half of that portion of the Canada de Capay, or Berreyesse Grant (now Patented), beginning at a point on Cache Creek, near the centre thereof, and being on the line between the Gordon Grant and the Canada de Capay or Berreyesse Grant; running thence southerly with said line to a stake at Gordon's south-west corner, about 105 chains; and thence in a westerly direction about 315 chains to a stake in the ground placed there by A. P. Green, U. S. Surveyor, and being on the line between the tract of land known as the lands of Holdforth and the tract known as Manchester's; thence running northerly on the division line between the last-mentioned tracts to the centre of Cache Creek; thence down the centre of said creek, following the meanderings thereof, to the place of beginning (excepting therefrom the tract of land belonging to J. J. and L. D. Stephens.)

Also, the whole of the following tract in said county, to wit: Beginning at a point in the centre of Cache Creek, on the line between the Manchester and Holdforth tract aforesaid; and running thence north 10¼ degs. east 105 chains and 34 links to the north-west corner of said Manchester tract; thence easterly to the north-east corner of said Manchester tract in a line parallel with the centre of Cache Creek, about 70 chains; thence running south 10¼ degs. west to the centre of Cache Creek; thence up said creek, along the centre thereof, to the place of beginning, containing 739 70-100th acres, together with the improvements.

In obedience to such command, I will,

On Monday, August 17th, 1868,

at the hour of 12 o'clock M. of that day, in front of the Court House door in Woodland, Yolo county, offer at public sale all the property above described, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the judgment, interest and costs.

WM. MINIS, Sheriff of Yolo county.
A. COMPTE, JR., Plff's Att'y.
JAS. L. ENGLISH, of Counsel. j25-3w

Summons.

IN the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District, of the State of California, in and for the county of Yolo. JAMES S. ROLLINS, plaintiff, vs. MARY E. ROLLINS, defendant. Action brought in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Yolo, and the complaint filed in said county of Yolo, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

The People of the State of California send greeting to Mary E. Rollins, defendant: You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Yolo, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service,) after the service on you of this summons, if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but in this District, within twenty days; otherwise within forty days—or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of said Court for a dissolution of the bonds of matrimony heretofore existing between plaintiff and said defendant. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief therein demanded.

Given under my hand and seal of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Yolo, this 7th day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

{L. S.} E. BYNUM, Clerk.

C. P. Sprague, Att'y for Plff. m9-3m

Summons.

IN the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District, of the State of California, in and for the county of Yolo. JAMES MOORE, Plaintiff; vs. C. W. LEWIS, Defendant. Action brought in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Yolo, and the complaint filed in said county of Yolo, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

The People of the State of California send greeting to C. W. Lewis, defendant: You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Yolo, and to answer the Complaint filed threin, within ten days. (exclusive of the day of service,) after the service on you of this summons, if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but in this District, within twenty days; otherwise within forty days—or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said complaint. The said action is brought to recover judgment for the sum of five hundred dollars, with legal interest from the dates mentioned in the complaint, alleged to be due and owing said plaintiff upon a contract for furnishing and delivery of water for irrigating and other purposes, set forth in an agreement or contract executed by defendant on the 11th of July, 1863.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will take judgment for the amount demanded.

Given under my hand and seal of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Yolo, this 5th day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

{L. S.} E. BYNUM, Clerk.

H. G. Burnett, Plff's Att'y. m9-3m

Insolvent Notice.

IN the County Court of Yolo county, of the State of California. In the matter of the petition of LEONARD HOUX, an insolvent debtor.

Pursuant to an order of the Honorable M. A. Woods, Judge of the said county court, notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said insolvent, Leonard Houx, to be and appear before the Hon. M. A. Woods, county Judge of Yolo county, aforesaid, in open court, at the court-room of said court, in the town of Woodland, county of Yolo, on the 7th day of September, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A.M. of that day, then and there to show cause, if any they can, why the prayer of said insolvent should not be granted, and an assignment of his estate be made, and he be discharged from his debts and liabilities, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided; and in the meantime all proceedings against said insolvent be stayed.

{L.S.} Witness my hand and the seal of said court, this first day of August, A. D. 1868. E. BYNUM, Clerk.

C. P. Sprague, att'y for petitioner. au1-5w

Notice to Creditors.

ESTATE OF JACOB A. POTTER, DEC'D.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned Administrator of the Estate of Jacob A. Potter, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrator, at his residence, in Merritt township, Yolo county, or to L. S. Taylor, at his office in Sacramento City, corner 6th and K streets, or the same will be forever barred. DANIEL DEGROSS, Administrator.

L. S. TAYLOR, att'y for Adm'r. jy18-4w

IF you want anything in the **Jewelry** line, call on RUGGLES & MACHEFERT.

IF you want a "GOOD SQUARE MEAL," go to HUSTON'S, opposite Hesperian.

YOLO COUNTY DEMOCRAT.

County Official Paper.

Democratic Central Committee.

H. GWINN, Chairman.....Knight's Landing.
JAS. A. DOUGLAS, Sec'y.....Cacheville.
WM. MONTGOMERY.....Solano House.
F. G. RUSSELL.....Buckeye.
W. A. HENRY.....Woodland.
E. BYNUM.....
J. L. UNDERHILL.....
H. C. YERBY.....Cacheville.
J. W. SNOWBALL.....Knight's Landing.

TOWN AND COUNTY MATTERS.

"HEAD US, BILL."—A precocious youth, a fair specimen of a Californiaized "Young America," who resides not an hundred miles from here, has become the hero of quite an adventure. Little Joe (about fifteen years of age) is particularly fond of sport. On a recent occasion he joined a company of his associates who were ever ready to volunteer their aid and comfort to Joe's propensity for sowing wild oats. A neighbor, who joined farms with Joe's paternal guardian, kept a dairy and had a number of fine calves, which, during the day, were kept corralled, while their dams, in the care of a herder, were quietly grazing on the adjoining hills. Learning that the proprietor of the dairy would soon be absent, Joe thought that an opportunity would thus be presented for some rare sport; so for a week previous to the departure of the dairyman, he was secretly but busily engaged in making yokes for his neighbor's calves. The day finally arrived, and Joe and his companions carried over the yokes and commenced operations. As pair after pair of the calves were keyed under the yoke, the fun increased; the dust raised in clouds, the terrified little animals ran round and round the enclosure, and their antics in bucking, pawing and bellowing, furnished a most sublime spectacle for the courageous boys, astonished the neighbors and rendered frantic the whole herd of cows which came down like an avalanche to protect their young. Some of the boys began to get scared, but Joe showed his fitness for the presidency by boldly persevering in the work. At last the calves were all under their yokes, fast and tight, except one, and just one yoke was left. "Let's yoke *him* up, too," says Joe. "What will you do for a mate for him," said Bill. "I'll attend to that," responded Joe. The calf was accordingly caught and placed securely under one end of the yoke. "Now," says Joe, "I like this fun; just put me under the other end of the yoke, and I'll go round a trip or two with him." Joe placed himself in a stooping posture, the yoke was placed on the back of his neck, the bow adjusted, and the work accomplished. Our hero then instructed one of the boys, who was holding the calf, to "let her rip." Away they went, the boys shouting in honor of this last achievement, which bid fair to cap the climax of the grand entertainment. The calf proved more than a match for poor Joe, who, in his vain endeavors to keep up in the race, was several times thrown to his knees and the yoke began to feel terribly uncomfortable on his neck; the calf, too, becoming more and more fractious, dealt him some heavy kicks in the ribs. Joe could stand it no longer, and suddenly, above the din and confusion, his voice was heard, exclaiming: "Head us, Bill! Head us, Bill! Head us, Bill!" His alarmed companions sallied out and stopped the odd pair, in the corner of the corral. The calf, struggling to continue the run, was held fast by two of the stoutest boys, while another held on to Joe's coat-tail, all seeming at a loss what to do next. Joe discovered their indecision, and, wiping the dust from his mouth and eyes, and drawing a long breath, he hollowed out in tones of thunder: "Unyoke that other calf! I'll stand!" The calf was unyoked, and Joe has been confined to his bed since.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.—In the matter of alteration of road commencing at Magaret and Fifth streets, in the village of Washington, and running south to line between Reed and Cummings—Report of viewers received and placed on file, and final hearing of same set for the first Monday in November. Assignment of contract for grading public highway near Knight's Landing from M. Manning to Isaac Bayliss, placed on file and transfer accepted on condition that said Manning and his sureties shall not be released from their liabilities for the performance of said contract. In the matter of the petitions of saloon keepers for remission of the extra charge on their licenses, etc., and remonstrances relating thereto—Ordered that the consideration of said petitions and remonstrances be dismissed, it being the opinion of the Board that the Supervisors have no power to interfere between the interests of said saloon keepers and the operation of the law as it now stands. Accounts allowed: General Fund—Jacob Renschler, $271 94; J. P. Bullock, $376 02; Robert Ferrill, $376 02; E. K. Swain, $376 02; J. I. Heath, $12 50; G. W. Bell, $37 50; G. H. Swingle, $37; Ed. Roberts, $33; J. Renschler $4; Robert Terrill, $7 25; J. P. Bullock, $10; J. C. Ball, $60. Road Fund—Friend & Terry, $183 85; Bayliss & Billinghurst, $100; J. I. Underhill, $117; Baylis & Billinghurst, $3795 87. Hospital Fund—T. F. Heacock, $156; Gray & Freeman, $19 86; J. W. Reeves, $13; G. E. Sill, $113 05.

THIEVES AROUND.—On Sunday night the residence of Jonathan Phillips, between Cacheville and Knight's Landing, was entered by thieves, while the family were attending church in the neighborhood, and robbed of a number of valuable articles, including the wedding suit of Mr. Phillips and his wife's jewelry. One of the guilty parties passed through Woodland on Monday, stopping long enough to pawn a portion of the jewelry, which was afterwards recovered. The thief was pursued by an officer as far as Sacramento, where he succeeded in making his escape.

EAGLE MILLS.—We learn that the Eagle steam flouring mills of Knight's Landing have recently changed hands. The mill is now owned and managed by Eastham & Beaty, both of whom are experienced millers. They promise to attend promptly to all orders, and we have no doubt that the quality of their flour will be equal to the best in the State. Notice their advertisement and give them a call.

THE New York Tribune says the reason why Plantation Bitters are so generally used is owing to the fact that they are always made up to the original standard, and of pure material, let the price be what it will. The Tribune just hits the nail on the head, for Plantation Bitters are not only made of pure material, but the people are told what they are made of, as the receipt is wrapped around each bottle. Don't go home without a bottle.

POSTPONED.—The Camp Meeting announced two weeks ago to be held on Cache Creek, near Cacheville, has been postponed in consequence of the continued busy season with the farmers, who have much work yet to do in securing their heavy crops, and who would not, therefore, be able to attend at this time. We presume due notice will be given of the time to be appointed for the meeting.

KEEP COOL.—Visitors to Silveyville can find most excellent beverages at "Old Sim" & "Chick's" establishment. "Chick" formerly administered to the wants of his customers in Woodland. He is a pleasant, agreeable fellow.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—On Tuesday, a disturber of the peace, sailing under the euphonious title of Peter Sing, was arraigned before the Justice's Court and fined $10 for assalting and beating Patrick Flinn.

DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING AT DAVISVILLE.—On Saturday evening one of the largest meetings ever held in Yolo county, assembled at Davisville in honor of the nomination of Seymour and Blair. For many miles around, the crowd continued to collect until long after dark. Stages, wagons and all kinds of vehicles were brought into requisition and came freighted with earnest and enthusiastic Democrats, anxious to hear the distinguished speakers announced for the occasion and join in rejoicings with the throng over the future prospects of the party. The meeting was called to order and the following persons were elected to preside as officers for the evening: W. D. Wristen, President; Wm. Montgomery, J. A. Douglas, J. H. Murphy, J. M. Kelley, F. G. Russell, J. T. Lillard, J. S. Chiles, Wm. M. Green, Samuel Tutt, H. Gwin, C. H. Pratt and James O'Neal, Vice Presidents; Wm. Dresbach and E. W. Brown, Secretaries. The speakers present were G. L. Johnson, Hon. A. Compte, Jr., Hon. N. G. Curtis, A. H. Lynch and Hon. Marion Biggs, of Sacramento, and H. G. Burnett, of Woodland, each of whom, in the order above named, delivered patriotic addresses, which were well received and greeted with frequent applause. Everybody seemed well pleased with the meeting and spoke in the highest terms of the speakers, all of whom were cheered at the close of their remarks. Cheers were given for Seymour and Blair, James A. Johnson and J. W. Coffroth. A large number of ladies were present. The meeting did not adjourn until after 12 o'clock, and even at that hour the crowd seemed loth to leave the ground. After the adjournment the speakers and many of the crowd accepted an invitation from Fred Werner, Esq., to visit his beautiful and commodious residence to partake of an elegant lunch which had been prepared for them. The feast was richly enjoyed by all. Wm. Dresbach contributed much to the success of the meeting and hospitalities extended to speakers from abroad. Lindsay and Ramsey were there with the cannon recently purchased by the Davisville Club and made the air ring with its Democratic thunder. Let us have more meetings of the same kind and Yolo will roll up a Democratic majority in November that will eclipse, by far, the glorious victory achieved last Fall.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—On Thursday last, W. H. Ludden, formerly a student of Hesperian College, met with a serious accident while driving a wagon loaded with lumber, in the vicinity of the Tule House. The seat on which he was riding broke, causing him to fall to the ground. One of the wheels of the wagon passed over him, crushing his shoulder in a horrible manner.

REAL ESTATE.—C. S. Frost, Real Estate Agent, informs us that transactions in his line have been quite lively recently. Persons desirous of buying or selling would do well to call on him. He seems always ready to attend promptly to the wants of his customers.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—On Monday next, at the Court House in this place, Sheriff Minis will publicly sell some valuable real estate, situated in this county.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Attention is called to the advertisement of P. A. Casey, who offers for sale some valuable real estate in and near town.

PROGRESSING.—Work on the California Pacific Railroad is rapidly progressing. It is expected that the cars will be running to Davisville next week.

WHAT FATHER GRANT SAYS.—A correspondent of the Bloomville Mirror, writing from Clinton, Iowa, May 24th, says:

General U. S. Grant's father is in this city, and, and as he put up at the house of a Democratic citizen last night, the Democratic Central Committee of this county and city quietly waited upon the old gentleman to draw him out, and they did it well. He (Grant) said: "My son Ulysses never voted at a Presidential election but once, and then he voted for James Buchanan." He said: "I am a Democrat, and always have been I would like to see my son President, but I do not like the platform he is running on, and he (Ulysses) does not like it either." The old man further said: "I will not swallow negro suffrage in any shape, and will not vote for it. The present administration, Senate and all, are as rotten as they can be; and they must and will be kicked out of Washington in two years at most." The above remarks can be proved by half a dozen witnesses.

DON'T WANT EDUCATION.—Gen. Strother, a supporter of Grant, gives the Radical candidate the following "high old" recommend:

I like Grant; he has got character. There is no flummery in him, but force. His whole career inspired me with respect. We don't want education, or experience, or suggestion so much in the Chief Magistracy as we want character, by which I mean manhood, the assemblage of traits which make one an individual.

Well, the people want a Chief Magistrate who has both character and education, as well as firmness and integrity of purpose, and not one to act in the capacity of a mere tool for dishonest politicians to control at their will.

NOT SO.—The statement that General Butler will be found among the enemies of General Grant, is of Copperhead coinage, and utterly counterfeit. Gen. Butler is with his country, and for the Republican party as the best friend of that country.—[Amador Ledger.

It would be unfortunate for the Democratic party and the country if Butler and his kind were found in the ranks of the Democracy, and it would be still more unfortunate for the country if the Republican party was its *best* friend. God save the country from its friends, if it has no better ones!

ARITHMETIC.—The Copperheads are so deficient in arithmetic that in adding up the States they claim, they don't know how to "carry one."—[Appeal.

The Radicals have perfect success in dividing up the States, and know exactly how to rub out those they don't claim.

NO ONE SAFE.—The Cincinnati Commercial says that Seymour's nomination, after his repeated declinations, calls to mind Corwin's observations on the nomination of Polk. "After this, no one is safe. A man goes to bed a respected citizen, and he rises in the morning and finds himself a candidate of the Democratic party for President."

That's better than going to bed drunk and waking up in a Butler's larder.

EDITORIAL CHANGE.—E. G. Wait, of Nevada, has recently become one of the editors of a San Francisco paper. "Time and tide wait for no man," but E. G. waits on the Times.

BORN.

In Woodland, August 11th, wife of J. F. Hotzman, of a daughter.

A. J. HALL,

DRUGGIST
—AND—
APOTHECARY.

Would call the attention of the public to his large and newly arrived assortment of goods, composed, in part, of the following articles, together with everything kept in a

First-Class Drug Store:

Acids, Fancy Soaps,
Alcohol, Bay Rum,
Ammonia, Pearl Barley,
Arrow Root, Gum Camphor,
Cream Tartar, Spices,
Essential Oils, Cooking Extracts
Indigo, Sulphur,
Castile Soap, Hops (fresh),

Patent Medicines:

A very large supply of all kinds in general use.
Sand's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Jayne's Expectorant,
Jayne's Sanative Pills,
Ayer's Pills,
Moffat's Pills,
Tilden's Fluid Extracts,
Clark's Pills,
Moffat's Phœnix Bitters,
Ayer's Pectoral and Ague cure,
Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry,
Holloway's Pills and Ointment.
Guysott's Sarsaparilla,
Townsend's Sarsaparilla,
Sand's Sarsaparilla,
Helmboldt's Buchu,
Perry Davis' Pain Killer,
Pratt's Abolition Oil,
Hair Restorative,
Cod Liver Oil, etc.

STATIONERY.

Legal Cap,
Bill Cap,
Note Paper,
Legal Envelopes,
P. O. Envelopes,
Foolscap,
Letter Paper,
Note Envelopes,
Writing Fluids,
Mucilage,
Inkstands,
Penholders,
School Books,
Blank Books,
Pens,
Pencils,
Rulers,
Writing Inks,
(all kinds.)

A well-selected stock of

Perfumery and Fancy Articles.

Oil Paintings,

BRUSHES OF ALL KINDS,

Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, PAINT BRUSHES,

WALL PAPER, etc.

N. B.—I have secured the services of B. HASTINGS, an experienced Druggist, who will carefully **Compound Prescriptions,** and attend particularly to the Drug Department.

Elliott's Block,
MAIN STREET,
m30] **WOODLAND.** [3m

Farm and Sheep Ranch FOR SALE!

The undersigned offers his farm and sheep ranch for sale, lying ten miles west of Red Bluff, consisting of 1,000 acres of deeded land, 320 acres school land—140 acres under fence, and 100 acres in grain—several hundred acres more, suitable for cultivation; a good family residence, barn, sheds, corrals, and other out-buildings necessary for convenience and comfort, with the very best well-water at the house; a small creek runs through the center of the range, and near the house, sufficient for stock water and irrigation; no other stock-water within several miles. The growth on the range is clover, bunch-grass and oats. For a sheep range, one can have the use of twenty leagues or more.

I will sell the above described property very cheap. For further particular, inquire at the ranch of J. P. MOORE,
m2] 12 miles west of Bed Bluff, Tehama Co.

New Boarding House,

Opposite Hesperian College,

WOODLAND.

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the public that he has opened his new Boarding House, and intends to carry on the business in a FIRST-CLASS STYLE. He will spare no pains to give satisfaction to those who may patronize him. The culinary department will be under the supervision of MRS. HUSTON.

No CHINAMAN Employed in the Kitchen!

Give me a trial, and you will be satisfied.
a8-3m C. HUSTON, Proprietor.

Races.  **Races.**

The citizens of Knight's Landing offer a purse of $100 for a Sweepstake race, mile and repeat, free for all 3-year old Yolo county colts. $50 entrance to be added to the purse. Three to enter and two to start. Entries to close on the 15th of August next. Race to take place September 3d, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., over the Knight's Landing course, and will be run according to State rules. Entries to be made with the undersigned, at Knight's Landing.

D. P. Diggs enters s. m. Red Morocco; A. S. Hughes enters Flora Brown.
jy18-4w N. P. CARPENTER.

CHOICE LOTS

—FOR—

Business or Residences,

—IN THE—

New Town of Davis,
Yolo County.

Now selling at LOW PRICES and on EASY TERMS.
au8-2m GEO. W. SMITH, Agent.

IF you want a genuine American Gold or Silver Watch, call on the new firm of
RUGGLES & MACHEFERT.

IF you want a Finger Ring, of any pattern, gold or silver, call on Ruggles & Machefert. They have a basket-full of them.

IF you want a Lady's or Gentleman's Gold or Silver **Watch,** of any pattern or price, call on RUGGLES & MACHEFERT.

FOUND AT LAST!

B. ALEXANDER

Can and will sell the

FINEST AND BEST CLOTHING,

—AND—

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Cheaper than any other House in the City!

Don't Forget the Place:

South-east cor. 3d and J Sts.,

SACRAMENTO.

d28

PETER TROPE,

(Successor to Chas. Durbec,)

IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER OF

Hats and Caps,

of every description.

French Store,

No. **123 J** street, between Fourth and Fifth,
d21] SACRAMENTO.

HENRY C. KIRK,

Importer and dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils,

Artificial Teeth,

GOLD FOIL, DENTAL STOCK,

&c., &c., &c.,

No. **114 J** street,.....SACRAMENTO.
d21

D. S. WOODWARD,

Wholesale and retail dealer in

Groceries, Produce,

LIQUORS AND PROVISIONS,

No. 144 J street,

d28] SACRAMENTO.

JOHN MURPHY,

BOOT MAKER,

Main street, next door east of the Post Office,

WOODLAND.

☞ Boots made in the LATEST STYLE, either sewed or pegged, and of the best French stock. Repairing always promptly attended to. All work warranted and good fits guaranteed. d21

To Consumptives.

THE REV. EDWARD A. WILSON'S Prepared Prescription for the cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung affections, has been in use over ten years with the most marked success.

This Remedy is prepared from the Original Recipe, chemically pure, by the Rev. Edward A. Wilson, 165 South Second street, Williamsburg, Kings county, New York.

The remedy, also a pamphlet containing original Prescription, with full and explicit directions for preparation and use, and a short history of his case, may be obtained of Mr. Wilson, as above, or of

J. L. POLHEMUS, Agent,
Sacramento, California.

Price of Remedy, $3 50 per package, in gold coin. Pamphlets furnished free of charge.
d28

HENRY ARONSON,
Dealer in
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
CLOTHING, ETC.,
Main st.,.....Woodland.

GEORGE HUGHES,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT.

PIONEER

FRUIT AND PRODUCE

COMMISSION HOUSE,

408 and 410 Davis st.,.....SAN FRANCISCO.

ESTABLISHED IN 1850.

Consignments Solicited.
jy4-3m

NEW FURNITURE STORE.

The undersigned has opened a Furniture Store in Woodland, and solicits the patronage of those in want of

Household Furniture,
Spring Mattresses,
Lounges, etc.

Old Furniture Repaired and Varnished!

N. B. Having, with T. C. Pockman, purchased a fine **Hearse,** for the purpose of carrying on the UNDERTAKING business, I am prepared to furnish **Coffins,** and conduct Funerals in the best manner, with promptness, and at reasonable rates. My place of business is on Main street, adjoining Templar Hall.
jy11-3m J. K. SMITH.

NEW GOODS!

HENRY ARONSON,

Main Street,.....WOODLAND,

(Opposite College Grounds.)

GENERAL MERCHANDISING

Wholesale and Retail.

CLOTHING, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Blankets, etc., at the store of HENRY ARONSON.

CHOICE **Family Groceries,** Crockery and Hardware, for sale by HENRY ARONSON.

FANCY and Staple **DRY GOODS,** Millinery Goods, Shawls, Cloaks, etc., for sale at the store of HENRY ARONSON.

STATIONERY, Oils, Paints, Dye Stuffs, and Perfumery, at ARONSON'S.

LADIES' **DRESS GOODS,** of the finest patterns, at ARONSON'S.

FURNISHING GOODS, Trunks and Valises, at ARONSON'S.

n30-6m

Grover & Baker's
ELASTIC STITCH
FAMILY
SEWING MACHINES,
Are the best in Use,
FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS:

They are more simple and durable easier kept in order, make a stronger and more elastic stitch, a firmer and more beautiful seam than any other. They sew all fabrics from two common spools, require no re-winding of thread, fasten both ends of the seam by their own operation, and though every fifth stitch is cut the seam will not rip.

They Stitch, Hem, Fell, Cord, Bind, Tuck, Quilt, Gather, Braid, and Embroider. No other machine Embroiders, as well as Sews perfectly.

Grover & Baker's
NEW STYLES
SHUTTLE MACHINES
For Manufacturing,
Combine the most modern and essential improvements.

The attention is requested of Tailors, Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, Carriage Trimming, Clothing, and all others requiring the use of the most effective
Lock Stitch Machines,
To these New Styles, which posses unmistakable advantages over all others.

Agents wanted for the sale of the
GROVER & BAKER
SEWING MACHINES,
In every City and Town not now represented. For terms and circulars apply to
R. G. BROWN, Agent
116 Montgomery St., San Francisco.

n23-4m

YOLO HOUSE,

Knight's Landing.

THIS House having been thoroughly repaired and newly furnished throughout, with family and single rooms, is in every respect as desirable a place for the hungry, thirsty, or sleepy, as any public house in Yolo county.

☞ Good stables and corrals connected with the house. Hay and barley always on hand.
jy11-tf J. L. BYINGTON, Proprietor.

IF you want a Locket, Belt Buckle, Pin, or Ear Drops, call on RUGGLES & MACHEFERT

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS!

The following letters from well-known physicians and individuals show the estimation in which this celebrated preparation is held by those who have tised them:

PITTSBURG, May 10, 1866.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith—Gentlemen—During a visit in the West last Fall, I contracted chills and fever, which brought me to my bed, and finally terminated in typhoid fever, and confined me to my room for several months, during which time I was so prostrated that I almost despaired of ever recovering health; having entirely lost my appetite for days, not being able to eat a morsel; added to which I was much distressed with a reeling sensation in my head, and passed many sleepless nights—all from debility caused by my prostrate condition, brought about by the fever. At this stage of my condition a friend recommended me to use your celebrated Stomach Bitters; but being morally opposed to the use of stimulants in any form, I at first declined, but afterward yielded my prejudices, and after taking the medicine for several weeks as directed, my appetite returned, and with it I am rapidly regaining my former strength and vigor. My sleep (from the loss of which I had suffered much) has never been better than it is now, and the reeling sensation (before alluded to) has entirely left me. My bowels, which were much constipated and irregular, are now quite natural, and in fact, I am glad to say that I feel myself a new man, and tender you this testimonial of my appreciation of your valuable preparation, in order that others suffering as I have may avail themselves of its virtues, which prejudice prevented me from enjoying for so long a period. I may also add that my physician, after seeing the beneficial effect your Bitters had, recommended that I use them regularly.

Yours, very respectfully,
E. BORNE, 45 Market street.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 4, 1866.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburg, Pa.—Gents—I think I am only doing the part of a good citizen when I testify to the great benefits received by me from the use of your Stomach Bitters during the last five years. Sojourning for a short time in the oil regions, in 1861, I had a severe billious attack, which, in connection with dyspepsia, left me in a very weak condition. I was advised to try your Bitters, and, having procured a bottle, found that they worked like a charm upon me, eight pounds having been added to my weight in the space of one week, and new life seemed to have been infused into my system—so much so, that I have been induced to use them every Summer since that time. As a tonic, I think they are invaluable. This Summer, having a similar attack (and as before, much redneed), although under the treatment of an A No. 1 physician, I was again obliged to have recourse to the old Bitters, and with the same good result, having gained six pounds within a few days. I purchased a half dozen bottles a few weeks since, and propose to use them regularly as a tonic.

Wishing you every success, I remain
Yours. gratefully, WM. MILLER.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith—Gents—It is with the greatest pleasure that I recommend your Stomach Bitters to the public. I think it the best Bitters of the day. It is especially adapted to the South and West, where biliary derangements of the liver are prevalent. Ten years' experience in the use of compounds as curatives compels me to give your Bitters the preference that its popularity merits.

A. ANGLE, M. D.

GALLATIA, Saline Co., Ill.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith—Gentlemen—I have practiced medicine for many years, and have used your Bitters in a number of cases with great success, and take pleasure in recommending them to the public in general.

Very respectfully, J. SMITH, M. D.

MATTOON, Ill., Jan. 21, 1865.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith—Gentlemen—I sell more of your Stomach Bitters than of any other medicine. Parties who have tried them speak in very high praise of their excellent virtues. I have used them myself, and prescribe them with unparalleled success. Very respectfully yours, G. T. GILNER, M. D.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith—Gentlemen—I have used, and often prescribed, your Stomach Bitters, and take pleasure in recommending it to all whose stomachs are debilitated. It is an excellent appetizer and tonic, and I prize it as one of the best medicines of the day.

R. G. MOORE, M. D.

FRANKLIN, Clinton Co., Ind., Dec. 2, 1861.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith—Gents—Some 18 months since I was troubled with weakness of the stomach, and had lost my appetite, and, on the recommendation of Dr. Cox, our family physician, I purchased several bottles of your Bitters, which had the desired effect of restoring me to health. But of late I have not been able to obtain the Bitters in our place. Please inform me where I can purchase them, or if you will send me some on sale, I will be pleased to have the agency, as I can recommend them to be what they are represented.

Yours truly, JOHN F. HUTCHINSON.

EFFINGHAM, Effingham Co,, Ill.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith—Gentlemen—With pleasure I can say that your Bitters are superior to any others. I have used them in my family for a long time, and always with beneficial results. Yours, very truly,

ROBT. GILBERT.

BUCKLAND, Prince William Co., Va., January 29, 1866.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith—Sirs—I believe your Bitters are the best in use. I tried them for dyspepsia in 1863, and they cured me. It was not faith that did it, for I had no faith in them; I tried them to please a friend. I had been prostrated for several weeks with dyspepsia and chronic diarrhea. I expected to die; but less than one bottle so far restored me that I could attend to my business. Last October I overworked myself, which resulted in a return of the same disease, accompanied with bronchial affection, when I again used your Bitters and was soon restored to health. I have recommended them to hundreds of my acquaintances, and have never known them to fail in effecting a speedy cure. Truly yours,

MIRANDA CHAPPEL,
Postmaster at Buckland, Va

ELDERTON, Pa., Nov. 6, 1865.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith—Gentlemen—We have been selling your Stomach Bitters for 18 months, and find them an excellent medicine. All that is necessary is to let the people know their virtue and they will use them. I have tried them myself, and now recommend them to all who have weak stomachs. Respectfully yours,
WATTERSON & McPHERSON, Druggists.

Such is the tenor of the correspondence received by almost every mail at the manufactory at Pittsburg. The foregoing letters are given merely as specimens of its general character, and as valuable information furnished by those who have been relieved to those who suffer. It is not necessary at this late day to publish elaborate testimonials as a means of pushing this great National Specific. It has obtained a firm hold on the confidence of the public, and reached its present position as a Standard Preparation of the best class, through the legitimate medium of experimental demonstration. No one ventures to impugn its medicinal merits. They are everywhere confessed.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters,

AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC COAST,

HOSTETTER, SMITH & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco.

☞ For sale by all Druggists, Grocers, and Storekeepers throughout the world. au1-3m

YOLO COUNTY DEMOCRAT.

National Democratic Platform.

The Democratic party in National Convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism and discriminating justice of the people, stand upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guarantee of the liberties of the citizen, and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled for all time to come by the war, or the volunteer action of the Southern States in Constitutional Conventions assembled, and never to be resuscitated, do, with the return of peace, demand:

First—The immediate restoration of all States to their rights in the Union under the Constitution of civil government and the American people.

Second—Amnesty for all past political offenses and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

Third—The payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable, all money drawn from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government economically administered, being honestly applied to such payment, and when the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought in right and in justice to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

Fourth—Equal taxation of every species of property, according to value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

Fifth—One currency for the Government and the people, the laborer and the office-holder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bond-holder.

Sixth—Economy in the administration of the Government, the reduction of the standing army and navy, the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau, and all political instrumentalities designed to serve negro supremacy; simplification of the system, and discontinuance of inquisitorial modes of assessing and collecting internal revenue; that the burden of taxation be equalized and lessened; the credit of the country made good; all enactments for the enrolling of the State militia into national forces in time of peace, and a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports; and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

Seventh—Reform of abuses in the administration; the expulsion of corrupt men from office; the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to the independence of the Executive and Judicial Departments of the Government; the subordination of military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpation of Congress and despotism of the sword may cease.

Eighth—Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which will command the respect of foreign powers, furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty and individual rights, and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance and the claims of foreign powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction. In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the radical party for its disregard of right and the unparalleled opposition and tyranny which have worked its career. After the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both Houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution, it has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge under which was rallied that noble volunteer army which carried our flag to victory. Instead of restoring the Union it has so far as it is in its power dissolved it and subjected ten States, in time of profound peace, to military despotism and negro suffrage. It has nullified there the right of trial by jury; it has abolished the *habeas corpus*, that most sacred writ of liberty; it has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press; it has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and secret Star Chamber inquisitions for constitutional tribunals. It has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from search and seizures. It has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters, without any specification or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law. It has converted the American Capitol into a bastile. It has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would now dare to resort. It has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme and judicial tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subject to great and atrocious calumnies merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President. Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of the debt created during the war. It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment, even of his own Cabinet. Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next, and inaugurate its President, we will meet as a subjected and conquered people amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution. And we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or interfere with this exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution, and if sanctioned by the people will subvert our form of Government, and can only end in a single centralized, consolidated government, in which the separate existence of the States will be absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a Federal Union of co-equal States, and that we regard the reconstruction acts of Congress such usurpations, and unconstitutional, revolutionary and void.

That our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must be ever gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed as widely among the people and should be disposed of either under the pre-emption of homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants, at the minimum price established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, exercising the power of his office in restricting the aggression of Congress on the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and on behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard.

Upon this platform the Democratic party appeal to every patriot, including all the conservative elements, and all who desire to support the Constitution and restore the Union, forgetting all past differences of opinion, to unite with us in the present great struggle for the liberties of the people; and that to all such, to whatever party they may have heretofore belonged, we extend the right hand of fellowship, and hail all such as friends and brothers.

GLORIOUS NEWS!

IMPEACHMENT!

Congress agrees with the States late in Rebellion,

on the following

WHEREAS:

HUSTON, GOLDMAN & CO.,
(Successors to THOMAS & LAUGENOUR.)

FRONT STREET,

Knight's Landing,

Are constantly in receipt, in addition to their large stock of

General Merchandise,

of the largest and finest assortment, of all kinds, of

Fashionable, Fancy,

— AND —

Dress Goods!

Also, a select stock of custom-made

Gents' and Boys' Clothing,

Latest style of

LADIES' AND MISSES' SPRING HATS,

French Lawns, Brillantines, Granadines, Mohair Poplins, Barages, Marseiles, Printed Linens, Cambrics, Calicos, etc.

The most fashionable French Kid Opera-toed

BALMORALS and GAITERS,
for Ladies, Misses and Infants.

Gents', Youths' and Children's
CALF BOOTS, GAITERS, AND SHOES!

A large variety of

CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE,

GROCERIES, HARDWARE,

TRUNKS, VALISES,

FURNITURE AND MATTRESSES,

Patent Medicines, Perfumery,

OILS, PAINTS, &c.,

And a thousand and one other articles, too numerous to mention.

Therefore, be it

RESOLVED,

That, with the assurance which HUSTON, GOLDMAN & CO. give the public, to sell **Cheaper than the Cheapest,** it is to the interest and benefit of the Ladies of Knight's Landing and vicinity to hasten at once to their store and buy their fineries, of which they will find the variety equal to Stewart's Bazaar, New York.

Gents will find there, for a little sum, the best investment ever offered, from a Sunday-go-to-Meeting to a Parisian Bob-tail suit.

Farmers can never obtain better inducements in quality or in price, of any kind of goods, than is given, with the best of accommodation, at HUSTON, GOLDMAN & CO.'S.

Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Shoe-makers, Harness-makers, Painters, and all other mechanics will find a saving of 15 to 20 per cent. in all goods in their line, by purchasing at our store.

The young people who are on the journey of Matrimony, and desirous of supplying themselves with every kind of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, can find each and all articles, at reduced prices.

To Sheep and Grain-raisers, we offer all kinds and sizes of **Sacks** and Sack Twine, at San Francisco prices.

For SWEETEST BUTTER and LARGEST EGGS, and all country Produce, we will always pay the highest prices.

Country orders promptly attended to. Goods delivered, as the convenience will offer, free of charge, all over the village.

Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance for the future, and insure general satisfaction in all kinds of trade extended to us.

FARMERS

Are particularly invited to examine our stock of Farming Utensils—Plows, Harrows, etc. We are agents for Baker & Hamilton.

HUSTON, GOLDMAN & CO.,
a18-3m Knight's Landing.

AHEAD

— OF THE —

RAILROAD!

In anticipation of an early comunication by means of the **Iron Horse,** from here to the Metropolis of this coast, and for the accommodation of the steady increase of our extensive trade,

FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN

Have made a large addition to their heretofore commodious Brick store, where they, in addition to their usual variety of

General Merchandise,

Have just received, per last steamer "Golden it y," direct from Philadelphia and New York, and of their own importation,

The Most Carefully Selected,

— AND —

LARGEST ASSORTMENT

of the **Latest Styles** of all kinds of

Dress and Fancy Goods,

Also, an extensive stock of Gent's, Youth's and Boys' **Ready-made Clothing,** made under the special supervision of Monsieur JAQUET, late of Paris; all of which is offered to the good people of Yolo and vicinity at still **Cheaper Rates** than any other house this side of the Bay city!

Having purchased these

EASTERN IMPORTATIONS

— AT —

"Greenback" Prices!

we can afford and are determined to undersell any and everybody!

WENTWORTH & HUBBARD'S California made Pump-sole and **Screwed Boots,** purchased in large variety, direct at their factory, are sold cheaper than at any other house. Also, **Benkert's** fine finish calf stitched Boots, at
FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN'S.

LADIES desirous of purchasing the latest style of Spring Hats, made under the supervision of Madamoiselle BOUCHE, must call soon on FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN.

ALL styles of new Embroideries, Garibaldas, etc., at FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN'S.

FOR French and American Spring Prints, linen finish, call on
FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN.

ALL kinds of Ladies' Philadelphia and San Francisco-made Opera-toed, ongress, and Balmoral Boots, at
FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN'S.

THE largest stock **Family Groceries,** Glass, Bohemia and Crockery ware, all kinds of Hardware, Mattresses, Trunks, etc., at
FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN'S.

☞ Determined to sell all kinds of goods at the **LOWEST PRICES,** and to give the **HIGHEST RATES** for Eggs, Butter, and other country produce, we solicit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to us.

☞ Call, all ye good people, soon and often, and convince yourselves of facts. We can suit the most fastidious, or will "forfeit our Hat."

FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN,
Fire-proof Brick Building, Main st.
mar21 **WOODLAND.**

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

C. H. GRAY. F. S. FREEMAN.

GRAY & FREEMAN,

NEW STORE, OLD CORNER,

MAIN STREET,.....WOODLAND,

Having opened their

New and Commodious Store!

Are constantly receiving a

Complete and Carefully Selected Stock

—OF—

DRY GOODS!

Clothing,
Groceries,
Provisions,
Crockery,
Hardware,
Queensware,
Paints,
Oils,
Lamps, etc.,

Toget. e with everything required in a country Store, which we will sell

BY THE PACKAGE, OR AT RETAIL!

☞ **At very Low Prices!** ☜

Our Facilities for Purchasing

And knowledge of the wants of this market, and having purchased our Goods since the late decline in prices, enable us to offer

GREATER INDUCEMENTS

Than ever before!

We do not intend to attract buyers by offering some leading article at less than cost, and charging exorbitant prices for others,

But we shall transact a

Permanent and Legitimate Business,

And endeavor to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage.

Highest price paid for Produce!

n23 **GRAY & FREEMAN.**

C. D. MORIN,

— DEALER IN —

STOVES!

METAL, HARDWARE,

— AND —

House Furnishing Goods,

Also manufacturer of

Tin, Copper, and Sheet-Iron Ware,

Returns thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, and calls the attention of his customers to the fact that he has enlarged and improved his business to suit their wants, in every particular.

PATENT PUMPS

Kept constantly on hand.

LIFTING PUMPS,

of all descriptions, made and repaired, and particular attention given to

Well-Boring!

Boring Tools furnished to customers free of charge. **Tin Roofing** done in the most scientific manner. **Old Roofs Repaired,** and job work done on short notice. All kinds of stock furnished, and work performed at

REDUCED PRICES!

☞ Orders from the country promptly attended to.
☞ Shop on Main street, next door to Gray & Freeman's store. f22-6m

Wagon and Carriage Shop!

G. J. OVERSHINER,
MAIN STREET,.....WOODLAND.
(Opposite Gray & Freeman's store.)

Wagons and Carriages, manufactured from carefully selected Eastern Material, constantly on hand. My arrangements for SEASONING Lumber are unsurpassed in the State.

☞ G. J. OVERSHINER'S long experience in California Carriage and Wagon work, (including the management of the Pioneer Wagon Shop of Sacramento, for eight years), warrants him in soliciting a share of public patronage.

BLACKSMITHING,

In all its branches, and Repairing in Wood and Iron-work done with neatness and dispatch. ☞ **Carriage Painting** connected with the establishment. [ja25

C. ELLIOTT,

Wagon and Carriage MANUFACTURER.

MAIN STREET.....WOODLAND.

Wagons, Carriages, Express Wagons and Buggies made to order, of the BEST MATERIAL and workmanship. Repairing and general Blacksmithing done with promptness. Particular attention given to

Repairing and Painting

Wagons Carriages, Buggies, etc. n32

$1.000 Reward for its Equal!

THE NEW

WEED

SEWING MACHINE!

Just completed, in SOLID STEEL MACHINERY, and combining in ONE the good of ALL!

This most enterprising Company has certainly brought out

THE BEST SEWING MACHINE EVER MADE!

And indeed is the ONLY NEW Sewing Machine, of any name, manufactured for the last eight years. Even a *superficial* observer can easily see that it surpasses all others, at least in the simplicity and durability of its machinery, and its remarkable

EASE OF MOTION AND MANAGEMENT.

It has few pieces, and all of steel. It makes the complete **"Lock Stitch,"** the same on both sides, which will not ravel. Every Machine is warranted to sew from

Thinest Lace, to Double Harness Leather!

and of course can never be got out of order by "hard sewing." ☞ All repairs free of charge. Prices same as others.

PLEASE NOTICE.

The claims of the Florence Company for the First Premium at the great Paris Exposition of 1867, though seeming *true in letter*, is really false in spirit and intent, and calculated greatly to deceive the public. Although it *did* receive the Silver Medal—that being the highest award given—it was *not* awarded the FIRST RANK! This was awarded the **Weed** Sewing Machine, and to the *WEED only*, as being "first in the order of merit." The second place was given to an European Machine, and only the *third* to the Florence! But the claim of the Wheeler & Wilson Company, at this Fair, is a great outrage, both as to letter and spirit; at least so much of it as pertains to their Gold Medal upon their Family Machine, which, to speak plain, is purely imaginary, they having received—as is well known—their Gold Medal on their "Button-hole Machine," but nothing at all on their "Family Machine;" not even a bronze medal, nor indeed (what is worse) even an "honorable mention." (See official report.) See also, as to the new *WEED* Sewing Machine, the returns of the State Fairs of Pennsylvania, Illinois, New Hampshire and New York, for 1867, at each of which the *NEW WEED* "F. F." Sewing Machine was pronounced the *BEST*, and received the highest premium given. And so also at other Fairs, and indeed wherever the Company shall choose to exhibit the "strong points" of this really magnificent Machine.

S. E. HOAR, General Agent,
Office 31 Kearny street, San Francisco.
H. U. OGBURN & LADY, Woodland, agents for Yolo county, where this Machine will be ever ready to "speak for itself," both to those who see and those who buy. jy4-1y

FIRST PREMIUM

GOLD MEDALS

AWARDED TO

WHEELER & WILSON FAMILY SEWING MACHINE!

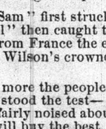
Over 82 Competitors,

— AT THE —

Great Paris Exposition, 1867,

Being the highest honors and all the Gold Medals awarded to any Sewing Machine Company at this Exposition.

As a HOLIDAY Present, Nothing will be more appreciated THAN ONE OF these MACHINES.



America, England and France, now unite in this grand Proclamation:

Good news! good news the cable brings,
O'er all the wires it flies,
Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine
Brings back the golden prize.

Our "Uncle Sam" first struck the note,
"John Bull" then caught the sound;
Now comes from France the echo back,
Wheeler & Wilson's crowned.

And now, no more the people doubt,
So long its stood the test—
The thing is fairly noised about
And they will buy the best.

☞ We can now supply those who wish to purchase 'STODDARD'S PATENT TUCK-MARKER,' one of the most useful attachments to the Machine yet invented; which, while sewing one tuck, makes the line of marks for the next.

W. M. STODDARD, Agent,
Cor. Sacramento and Montgomery sts.,
n30 San Fancisco.

THE FLORENCE

WAS AWARDED THE

HIGHEST PREMIUM!

— ON —

SEWING MACHINES FOR FAMILY USE

— AT —

The Mechanics' Institute,...1864.
The American Institute,....1865.
The California State Fair,..1865.
The California State Fair,..1866.
The Paris Exposition,.....1867.

Other Agents advertise Gold Medals awarded at the Paris Exposition. *Neither of them received any premium at all on Family Sewing Machines!* See list of awards in official catalogues.

If there is a Florence Machine within one thousand miles of San Francisco that is not giving entire satisfaction, if I am informed of it, it will be attended to *without Express charge or expense of any kind to the owner.*

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,
n23 111 Montgomery st., San Francisco.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU.

The only Known Remedy

— FOR —

Diabetes, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder, Inflamation of the Kidneys, Catarrh of the Bladder, &c, &c., &c.

For these diseases, it is truly a sovereign remedy, and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms. Are you troubled with that disgusting pain in the small of the back and through the hips? A teaspoonful a day of Helmbold's Buchu will relieve you.

Physicians and Others

PLEASE NOTICE.

I make no secret of ingredients. Helmbold's Extract Buchu is composed of Buchu, Cubebs and Juniper Berries, selected with care, prepared in vacuo and according to the rules of

Pharmacy and Chemistry.

These ingredients are known as the most valuable Diuretics afforded. A Diuretic is that which acts upon the Kidneys. Helmbold's Extract Buchu acts gently. It is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action. For the satisfaction of all, see Medical Properties contained in Dispensatory of the United States, of which the following is a correct copy:

"BUCHU. Its odor is strong, diffusive and somewhat aromatic, its taste bitterish, and analogous to that of mint. It is given chiefly in complaints of the Urinary Organs, such as Gravel, chronic catarrh of the Bladder, morbid irritation of the Bladder and Uretha, diseases of the Prostrate, and Retention or Incontinence of Urine, from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its evacuation. It has also been recommended in Dyspepsia, chronic Rheumatism, cutaneous affections and Dropsy."

For further information see Professor Dewees' valuable works on the Practice of Physic. See remarks made by the celebrated Dr. Physic, of Philadelphia. See any and all standard works on Medicine.

Dr. Keyser is a physician of over thirty years' experience, and a graduate of the Jefferson Medical college and of the University of Medicine and Surgery of Philadelphia:

Mr. H. T. HELMBOLD—Dear Sir: In regard to the question asked me as to my opinion about Buchu, I would say that I have used and sold the article in various forms for the past thirty years. I do not think there is any form or preparation of it I have not used or known to be used, in the various diseases where such medicate agent would be indicated. You are aware, as well as myself, that it has been extensively employed in the various diseases of the bladder and kidneys; and the reputation it has acquired, in my judgment, is warranted by the facts. I have seen and used, as before stated, every form of Buchu—the powdered leaves, the simple decoction, tincture fluid extracts; and I am not cognizant of any preparation of that plant at all equal to yours. Eighteen years' experience ought, I think, to give me the right to judge of its merits, and without prejudice or partiality I give yours precedence over all others. I value your Buchu for its effects on patients. I have cured with it, and seen cured with it, more diseases of the bladder and kidneys than I have ever seen cured with any other Buchu, or any other proprietory compound of whatever name. Respectfully yours, etc.,
GEO. H. KEYSER, M. D., 140 Wood st.
Pittsburg, Pa., August 11, 1865.

ASK FOR

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

FROM THE LARGEST MANUFACTURING CHEMIST IN THE WORLD.

I am acquainted with H. T. Helmbold; he occupies the drug store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise. WM. WEIGHTMAN,
(firm of Powers & Weightman), Manufacturing chemists, Ninth and Brown streets, Phila.

The proprietor has been induced to make this statement from the fact that his remedies, although advertised, are genuine preparations, and knowing that the intelligent refrain from using anything pertaining to Quackery, or the Patent Medicine order—most of which are prepared by self-styled doctors, who are too ignorant to read a physicians' simplest prescription, much less competent to prepare Pharmaceutical preparations. These parties resort to various means of effecting sales, such as copying parts of advertisements of popular remedies and finishing with certificates. The science of medicine stands simple, pure and majestic, having fact for its basis, induction for its pillar, truth alone for its capital.

A Word of Caution.

Health is most important; and the afflicted should not use an advertised medicine, or any remedy, unless its contents or ingredients are known to others besides the manufacturer, or until they are satisfied of the qualifications of the party so offering.

HELMBOLD'S

GENUINE PREPARATIONS

Fluid Extract Buchu,

Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla,

— AND —

IMPROVED ROSE WASH,

ESTABLISHED OVER 16 YEARS.

PRINCIPAL DEPOTS:

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

— AND —

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Price $1 25 per Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $6 50.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
je27-1y